

CALL TO ACTION

With the aim of addressing this situation, a multi-stakeholder platform including ministries of health's representatives and delegates from patient and civic organisations, healthcare professional associations, the industry and EU institutions gathered to discuss the main challenges posed by chronic pain and possible solutions, identifying key Recommendations.

These Recommendations call for urgent action at national and EU level urging policy makers to:

PRIORITISE

- The European Commission and member states should identify chronic pain as a health priority
- Member states should develop and implement effective policies on the prevention, diagnosis, treatment and monitoring of chronic pain
- The European Commission should support the creation of networks among national institutions responsible for chronic pain and interested stakeholders, to facilitate the sharing of good practices on pain therapy and palliative care-related policies, as well as on pain management pathways

RAISE AWARENESS

- The European Commission and member states should increase public awareness of chronic pain, by supporting information campaigns towards the general public
- They should also promote initiatives to empower patient and civic organisations so that patients can understand their rights and make informed choices

EDUCATE

- Member states should place higher emphasis on chronic pain in undergraduate and postgraduate education for healthcare professionals

STIMULATE RESEARCH AND DATA COLLECTION

- The European Commission and member states should continue including chronic pain in research and health-related programmes and activities
- The European Commission and member states should support the creation of a database of social and economic indicators to track and better understand the impact of chronic pain on society

ABOUT THE PROJECT'S PARTNERS:

Pain Alliance Europe (PAE)

PAE, established in 2011, is a pan-European umbrella organisation of 28 national associations in 15 EU member states. It represents over 300,000 chronic pain patients.

For more information, see:
www.pae-eu.eu

Active Citizenship Network (ACN)

ACN was set up in December 2001 as the European and international arm of the Italian Cittadinanzattiva (Active Citizenship) organisation. ACN is a network of European civic organisations which encourages active participation of citizens in European policy-making.

For more information, see:
www.activecitizenship.net

Grünenthal

The Grünenthal Group is an independent, family-owned international research-based pharmaceutical company headquartered in Aachen, Germany with affiliates in 26 countries worldwide employing some 4,200 people. Grünenthal products are sold in more than 155 countries. Building on its unique position in pain, its objective is to become the most patient-centric company and to be a leader in therapy innovation.

For more information, see:
www.grunenthal.com

While PAE and ACN are responsible for the political framework, scientific design, methodology and contents of the Pain Patient Pathways Recommendation project, Grünenthal provided financial and non-financial support.

For more information about the Recommendations:

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PAIN PATIENT
Pathway
RECOMMENDATIONS

Chronic pain affects around 20% of the adult population in Europe¹, yet it remains poorly managed and under-treated, affecting not only the patients, but society as a whole. It is time for EU and national authorities to recognise chronic pain as a priority and to ensure better diagnosis, fund research, adapt health insurance and guarantee that Europe's 100 million sufferers get the treatment they need.

A FEW FACTS

- Chronic pain directly affects sufferers and their quality of life and is a common characteristic of chronic diseases².
- The estimated healthcare costs and loss in productivity associated with chronic pain equal 3-10% of European economic growth or GDP³.
- Chronic pain sufferers in Europe are denied many of the recognised patient rights notably access to treatment, information and new technologies, according to the Pain Patient Pathways Recommendations⁴.
- The low level of understanding among medical professionals of chronic pain is not proportional to the prevalence and impact of the disease⁵.
- Chronic pain provokes varying amounts of disability and may cause anxiety and depression including a heightened risk of suicide⁶.
- Low awareness of chronic pain as a healthcare problem and the consequences for sufferers and society at large undermine efforts to find solutions.
- However, in some countries policy makers started working on innovative ways of tackling chronic pain from a legislative perspective. In particular, the Italian Law 38 of March 15th, 2010, entitled "Measures to ensure access to palliative care and pain therapy", represents a unique example of legislation in the European panorama, because it protects "the right of citizens to have access to palliative care and pain therapy" and detects three networks of care dedicated to palliative care, pain therapy and paediatric patients⁷.



THE PROJECT AND THE METHODOLOGY

The Recommendations are based on the results of a pan-European survey spanning 18 European countries and carried out by national patients' and civic associations active in the fight against unnecessary pain. The project, entitled Pain Patient Pathway Recommendations, was initiated in November 2012 by a three-member coalition representing patients, citizens and industry, to create greater awareness of chronic pain, to promote a European policy on chronic pain and to improve its management.

Working together the Pain Alliance Europe (PAE), the Active Citizenship Network (ACN), and the pharmaceutical company Grünenthal have set as the Recommendations' ultimate goal to reduce the impact of chronic pain in Europe. The data, collected through interviews with representatives of national ministries of

health, patients and citizens' associations and healthcare professionals, fed into a project report which set the scene for the development of EU Pain Patient Pathways Recommendations.

The Recommendations were developed during a workshop held on 22-23 October 2013 in Brussels, which involved 45 representatives of ministries of health, EU institutions, patient's and civic associations, European healthcare professional associations and the industry.

NEXT STEPS

- The project partners will continue to reach out at national level to build momentum for an EU initiative on chronic pain.
- They also welcome the interest expressed by the Italian government to prioritise pain therapy and palliative care during its Presidency of the EU Council from July to December 2014.



PAIN PATIENT PATHWAYS RECOMMENDATIONS ENDORSING ORGANISATIONS

- Pain Alliance Europe (PAE)
- European Federation of Neurological Association (EFNA)
- European Pain Federation (EFIC)
- Vlaamse Pijnliga, Belgium
- Association of Reproductive Health, Pregnancy and Childcare "Smile", Bulgaria
- Patient's Organisations Together with You, Bulgaria
- Alliance of Transplanted and Operated (ATO), Bulgaria
- Association of Patients with Cardiovascular Diseases, Bulgaria
- Index Foundation, Bulgaria
- Suomen Kipu Ry, Finland
- Générations Mouvement, France
- Cittadinanzattiva - Active citizenship Network, Italy
- Fondazione ISAL - Institute for Research on Pain, Italy
- Medicine and Ecology Research Center (MERC), Macedonia
- Malta Health Network, Malta
- Stichting Pijn Platform Nederland, The Netherlands
- Rede Integrada de Associações de Doença Crónica dos Açores (RIADCA), Portugal
- S. Miguel and S.ta Maria Islands Diabetes Association (ADSMSM), Portugal
- Myeloma Euronet Romania, Romania
- Fibromyalgia Association of Sweden, Sweden
- Grünenthal
- Foundation Pijn - Hoop
- Germain Pain League

Should you wish to endorse the Pain Patients Pathways Recommendations, visit: www.pae-eu.eu

1. Breivik H, et al. Survey of chronic pain in Europe: Prevalence, impact on daily life, and treatment. Eur J Pain 2006;16:289-99

2. European Parliament Resolution of 15 September 2011 on European Union position and commitment in advance to the UN high-level meeting on the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases

3. Gustavsson A, et al. Socio-economic burden of patients with a diagnosis related to chronic pain - Register data of 840,000 Swedish patients. Eur J Pain 2012;16:289-99

4. Pain Patients Pathway Recommendations project report, October 2013

5. A blueprint for Pain Education, October 2013

6. Poole H, White S, Blake C et al. Depression in chronic pain patients: prevalence and measurement. Pain Pract 2009;9:173-180

7. Legge 15 marzo 2010, n. 38, "Disposizioni per garantire l'accesso alle cure palliative e alla terapia del dolore"